Relative Size of Objects	Actual Ratio	Analogy
An atom of hydrogen is about a quarter of a billion times smaller than a golf ball	Ratio of diameters = 0.0448 m/1.58X10 <sup>-10</sup> m = 2.84 X 10 <sup>8</sup>	If you imagine the hydrogen atom to be the size of a golf ball, then a golf ball would become as wide as the earth 12 756 100 m = 12756.1 km in diameter
The atom is about 50 000 times larger than its nucleus	$R =$ nuclear radius = $r_0 A^{1/3}$ A = Atomic mass number and $r_0 = 1.25 \times 10^{-15} \text{ m}$ Elemer R   Atomic radii atom/nucleus   1H 1.25E-15   7.90E-11 6.32E+04   12C 2.86E-15 9.10E-11   132Cs 6.36E-15 3.34E-10	If you imagine the nucleus as the size of a 0.75 cm pea, then the atom becomes as large as a baseball field
The proton is almost 2000 times more massive than the electron.	= 938.2592/0.5110411 =1835.976	If a proton is imagined as a honeydew melon (1200 grams), then the electron is about as massive as a nit(0 6g)

The sun is over 300 000 times as massive as the earth	$1.9891 \times 10^{30} \text{ kg}/5.9736 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg} = 332 980$	
		From a mass- perspective, if the sun is a blue whale(181 000 kg) then the earth is a little bunny rabbit (540 g)
Compared to the sun, the next closest star (Proxima Centauri) is 250 000 times further from the earth	=3.966522594 X10 <sup>13</sup> km/149 597 892 km = 265 145.620	If you reduce the Earth to the size of an eraser(1 cm) at the end of a pencil at home plate, the sun(109.7 times wider) becomes a 1 meter beach ball, 117 meters away in shallow left field, but the nearest star would still be triple the distance(31 000 km) between Alaska and India.
		If you made a scale model of the universe, and the model was the size of the earth, how big would the earth be in that model? $10^{-13}$ m, about 1000 times smaller than a hydrogen atom